

SCAR Sub-Group

ADMAP GS

Person Responsible:

SG

**Graeme Eagles** 

SCAR Delegates Report 2020

International Science Council

## Antarctic Digital Magnetic Anomaly Project (ADMAP) 2018-2020 Report

## Summary

#### Report Author(s)

Graeme Eagles (Germany) Fausto Ferraccioli (UK) Detlef Damaske (Germany)

#### Summary of activities from 2018-20

#### Meetings:

The ADMAP group met in a short side-meeting at the ISAES in Incheon. The goal of the meeting was to review the initial impact of the ADMAP2 publication and data release of 2018, and to agree a road-map towards further updates and versions as new magnetic anomaly data continue to be returned from Antarctica on a season-by-season basis:

- 1. The data release has been a success. The ADMAP2 data have been widely downloaded and used in a variety of new geophysical, geological and cryospheric studies. At the time of writing, the accompanying release paper (Golynsky et al., 2018; DOI:10.1029/2018GL078153) has been cited 22 times.
- Complementary approaches to ADMAP2's existing levelling procedures (see this preprint), and approaches to fast pre-levelling for achieving compatibility of new data sets to the ADMAP2 field (Timm Clausen <u>MSc thesis</u>, <u>University of Bremen</u> (in German)) were discussed. At the time of writing, over 500,000 line-kilometres of new magnetic data exist that are not incorporated into the ADMAP2 compilation.
- 3. A preliminary update to ADMAP2 showing new data that were not included in the 2018 release was briefly presented. Significantly, our colleagues from China committed in principle to sharing Chinese aeromagnetic data as part of ADMAP just as soon as their national data portal goes online.

#### Fieldwork:

- 1. New helicopter-based magnetic acquisition by BGR (Germany) in Victoria Land in 2018/19.
- 2. New magnetic acquisition by AWI over the Falkland Plateau Basin in 2017/18 and 2018/19 for conjugate-margin based Antarctic studies.

- 3. New Chinese magnetic acquisition in Princess Elizabeth Land in 2017-20.
- 4. New magnetic acquisition by BAS in the Thwaites glacier region in 2018/19.
- 5. New Russian magnetic acquisition offshore Antarctica and in Queen Mary Land in 2017-20.
- 6. Continuation of international collaborative EAGLE acquisition in East Antarctica in 2017-20.

#### **Publications:**

There have been no new ADMAP compilations since the data release paper in 2018. Instead, members of ADMAP as well as external groups have published a range of papers that use and exploit the ADMAP2 compilation for a variety of geophysical, geodynamic, and glaciological studies.

|        | 2019   | 2020      | 2021    | 2022    |
|--------|--------|-----------|---------|---------|
|        | Spent  | Allocated | Request | Request |
| (US\$) | 754.55 | 3250      | 3250    | 3250    |

#### Summary Budget 2019 to 2022

## **Progress to date**

#### Sub-group Outcomes Summary

| Sub-group | Activity/Outcome/Benefit/Achievement                                  |
|-----------|---|
| ADMAP     | ISAES side meeting  |
| ADMAP     | Ongoing data acquisition in Antarctica                                |
| ADMAP     | Diverse publications using and/or building on ADMAP2 data compilation |

#### Sub-group Cash Flow

(From previous Delegates meeting to date)

| Sub-group | Allocation | Amount<br>2018 | t spent<br>2019 | 2020 |
|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------------|------|
| ADMAP     | 3250       | 0              | 755             | 0    |
|           |            |                |                 |      |

## **Future plans**

#### Planned activities in 2020 to 2022

| Sub-group | Planned activity               |
|-----------|--------------------------------|
| ADMAP     | EGU splinter meeting 2021      |
| ADMAP     | EGU splinter meeting 2022      |
| ADMAP     | SCAR-OSC 2022 business meeting |

#### Planned use of funds for 2020 to 2022

| Year<br>(YYYY) | Purpose/Activity                                  | Amount<br>(in USD) | Contact<br>Name | Contact<br>Email |
|----------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 2021           | EGU splinter meeting<br>travel/attendance support | 1625               | NN              |                  |
| 2022           | SCAR OSC group meeting                            | 1625               | NN              |                  |
| Total          |   | 3250               |                 |                  |

#### Any additional detail on funds usage and desired results/outcomes

## Percentage of the budget to be used for support of early-career researchers

2020: no planned use - Coronavirus 2021: 50% 2022: 50%

# Percentage of the budget to be used for support of scientists from countries with developing Antarctic programmes

2020: no planned use - Coronavirus 2021: 2022:

## Membership

#### Leadership

| Role         | First<br>Name | Last<br>Name | Affiliation                    | Country | Email                 | Date<br>Started | Date<br>Term<br>is to<br>End |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Co-<br>chair | Graeme        | Eagles       | Alfred<br>Wegener<br>Institute | Germany | Graeme.Eagles@awi.de  | 2016            | Not<br>decided               |
| Co-<br>chair | Fausto        | Ferraccioli  | British<br>Antarctic<br>Survey | UK      | ffe@bas.ac.uk         | 2016            | Not<br>decided               |
| Co-<br>chair | Detlef        | Damaske      |                                | Germany | d.damaske@t-online.de | 2014            | Not<br>decided               |
|              |               |              |                                |         |                       |                 |                              |

Please identify early-career researchers with \* in first column

#### Other members

| First Name | Last Name | Affiliation | Country   | Email                       |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Golynksy   | Alexander | VNIIO       | Russia    | sasha@vniio.nw.ru           |
| Young      | Duncan    | UTIG        | USA       | smudog@gmail.com            |
| Kim        | Hyung Rae | KOPRI       | Korea     | kimhr@kongju.ac.kr          |
| Ghidella   | Marta     |             | Argentina | mghidella@gmail.com         |
| Ruppel*    | Antonia   | BGR         | Germany   | Antonia.Ruppel@bgr.de       |
| Golynsky*  | Dmitry    | VNIIO       | Russia    | dmitry.a.golynsky@gmail.com |
|            |           |             |           |                             |
|            |           |             |           |                             |
|            |           |             |           |                             |

Please identify early-career researchers with \* in first column

### **Additional information (optional)**

Please add any more detail here that you wish, on your subgroup activities, papers published, etc.

#### Notable Papers

(Five to ten most notable papers – see the example below, which includes a brief statement (shaded) indicating the link to the group)

#### Jordan et al., 2020. Nature Reviews Earth and Environment.

A comprehensive review of geoscientific understanding of West Antarctica, relying heavily on the ADMAP2 compilation for context and some new interpretations.

#### Paxman et al., 2019. Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems.

A new study of the Pensacola-Pole subglacial basin, previously known from just a handful of vintage aerogeophysical profiles. New magnetic anomaly data were compiled and interpreted within the context of the ADMAP2 compilation for quantitative modelling and interpretation of the basin's Jurassic origin, magmatic and sedimentary fill, and extensional architecture.

#### Eagles, 2019. Tectonophysics.

A study presenting a provocative new interpretation of Australian-Antarctic continental breakup, using ADMAP2 data to propose two discrete phases of extension in late Jurassic and then in Paleocene times.

#### Ebbing et al., 2018. Scientific Reports.

A pioneering study introducing the use of satellite gravity gradient data for interpretations of global tectonics, with a discussion on its particular utility for remote regions like Antarctica when combined with the ADMAP2 compilation.

#### Eisermann et al., 2020. Geophysical Research Letters.

Gravity-based modelling of bathymetric variations underneath the ice shelves of Dronning Maud Land. The procedure was strongly constrained by ADMAP2-led interpretation of geological signals unrelated or weakly related to bathymetry.

#### Direct support from outside organisations received for your activities

(Numbered list with values indicated if direct cash support. Please restrict in-kind support to substantive in-kind support only)

# Major collaborations your Science Group has with other SCAR groups and with organisations/groups beyond SCAR

(Numbered list of substantive collaborations)

#### Within SCAR

- 1. Connecting Geology and Geophysics
- 2. Geodetic Infrastructure of Antarctica

#### **Outside SCAR**

- 1. IGCP-628: Geological map of Gondwana
- 2. ESA & 3D Earth
- 3. <u>4D Antarctica</u>
- 4. International Lithosphere Programme (upcoming focus on East Antarctica)
- 5. Antarctic Resolution

#### Outreach, communication and capacity-building activities

Brief highlights of any activities undertaken since the SCAR Delegates meeting in 2018.

#### **SCAR fellowship reviewers**

Please list one or more people (name and email address) from your group who would be willing to serve as reviewers for the next few years, along with 1-3 keywords on their principal expertise.

| First Name | Last Name | Email                 | Principal Expertise |
|------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Graeme     | Eagles    | Graeme.Eagles@awi.de  | Plate Kinematics    |
| Detlef     | Damaske   | d.damaske@t-online.de | Aeromagnetics       |
|            |           |                       |                     |