

## Notable Papers

Publications in peer-reviewed journals were one of the highest priority outputs for the AntEco programme. The list below highlights the major publications.

### Major Papers

#### A) *Spatial ecology*

Jansen, J., Hill, N.A., Dunstan, P.K., McKinlay, J., Sumner, M.D., Post, A.L., ... & Johnson, C.R. (2018). Abundance and richness of key Antarctic seafloor fauna correlates with modelled food availability. *Nature Ecology & Evolution*, **2**(1), 71. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41559-017-0392-3>

This work explores the strength of pelagic–benthic coupling along the East Antarctic shelf and its dependence on both physical processes and the types of benthic organisms considered.

#### B) *Molecular Ecology & Evolution*

Strugnell, J.M., Pedro, J., Wilson, N.G. (2018). Dating Antarctic ice sheet collapse: proposing a molecular genetic approach. *Quaternary Science Reviews*.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.quascirev.2017.11.014>

This perspective piece sets out an ecological genetics method to help resolve when the West Antarctic Ice Shelf last collapsed.

Biersma E.M., Jackson J., Hyvönen, J., Koskinen, S., Linse K., Griffiths H. & Convey, P. (2017). Global movements in bipolar moss species. *Royal Society Open Science* **4**: 170147.  
<https://doi.org/10.1098/rsos.170147>

First use of molecular biological approaches to document and estimate timing of (rare) bipolar dispersal events into and from both Polar Regions over multimillion-year timescales in a major bipolar moss genus.

#### C) *Ecoinformatics & systems biology*

Archer, S.D.J., *et al.* (2019). Airborne microbial transport limitation to isolated Antarctic soil habitats. *Nature Microbiology*. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41564-019-0370-4>

This paper demonstrates, for the first time, there is evidence for very limited local aerial transport of soil particles and their associated microbiomes in Antarctica, which has implications for local microbiome endemism in Antarctic Dry Valleys.

#### D) *Paleoecology*

Roberts, S.J., Monien, P., Foster, L.C., Loftfield, J., *et al.* (2017). Past penguin colony responses to explosive volcanism on the Antarctic Peninsula. *Nature Communications*, **8**. 16 pp.  
<https://doi.org/10.1038/ncomms14914>

Amesbury, M.J., Roland, T.P., Royles, J., Hodgson, D.A., Convey, P., Griffiths, H. & Charman, D.J. (2017). Widespread biological response to rapid warming on the Antarctic Peninsula. *Current Biology* **27**, 1616–1622, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cub.2017.04.034>

Paper using palaeobiological evidence from moss peat cores and contained microbiota to infer wide scale responses over time to climate change across the entire Antarctic Peninsula.

### ***E) Impacts, trends & conservation***

Griffiths, H. J., Meijers, A. J., & Bracegirdle, T. J. (2017). More losers than winners in a century of future Southern Ocean seafloor warming. *Nature Climate Change*, **7(10)**, 749.

<https://doi.org/10.1038/nclimate3377>

This work provides insights into the potential impacts of climate change on benthic species and communities in the Southern Ocean. It uses data collected for the SCAR Biogeographic Atlas to form the basis of the analyses.

Lee, J.R., Raymond, B., Bracegirdle, T.J., Chadès, I., Fuller, R.A., Shaw, J. D., & Terauds, A. (2017). Climate change drives expansion of Antarctic ice-free habitat. *Nature*, **547(7661)**, 49.

<https://doi.org/10.1038/nature22996>

The authors find that isolated ice-free areas will coalesce over the twenty-first century due to climate change. While the effects on biodiversity are uncertain, they hypothesize that changes could eventually lead to increasing biotic homogenization, the extinction of less-competitive species and the spread of invasive species.

## **Other Notable Papers**

### **2019**

Bokhorst, S., Convey, P., & Aerts, R. (2019). Nitrogen Inputs by Marine Vertebrates Drive Abundance and Richness in Antarctic Terrestrial Ecosystems. *Current Biology*.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cub.2019.04.038>

This is the first clear Antarctic documentation of the importance of fertilization of the terrestrial environment by top predators in determining the biodiversity of vegetation on land. The work is significant as it provides a proxy for distribution of Antarctic terrestrial diversity on both Peninsula and continent.

Hughes, K.A., Convey, P., Pertierra, L.R., Vega, G.C., Aragón, P., Olalla-Tárraga, M.Á. (2019). Human-mediated dispersal of terrestrial species between Antarctic biogeographic regions: A preliminary risk assessment. *Journal of Environmental Management* 232, 73-89.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvman.2018.10.095>

This paper strongly highlights of the risks and implications of human transfer, and is an illustration of the increasing use of climate and biological modelling in predicting future distributions of both native and non-native species.

Moles, J.; Avila, C.; Malaquías, M.A. (2019). Unmasking Antarctic cryptic lineages: novel evidence from philinoid snails (Gastropoda: Cephalaspidea). *Cladistics* 2019: 1-27.

<https://doi.org/10.1111/cla.12364>

This paper investigated the diversification and biogeography of the molluscan genus *Philine* and detected restricted and grossly non-overlapping distributions suggesting allopatric speciation connected possibly to geographical or bathymetric isolation.

Morley, S.A., Barnes D.K.A. and Dunn, M.J. (2019). Predicting which species succeed in Climate-forced polar seas. *Frontiers in Marine Science* **5**. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmars.2018.00507>

This paper applied risk assessment techniques to polar species physiological capacities to identify their exposure to climate change and their vulnerability and found that more species that are likely to benefit from the near-future predicted change (the winners), especially

predators and deposit feeders, whilst fewer species were scored at risk (the losers), although animals that feed on krill scored consistently as under the highest risk.

## 2018

Barnes, D. K., et al. (2018). Icebergs, sea ice, blue carbon and Antarctic climate feedbacks. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences* 376, 20170176. <https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2017.0176>

The dense and rich organisms of polar continental shelves are a major stock of Earth's blue carbon natural capital. Blue carbon is increasing in response to both sea ice losses and ice shelf disintegration and as such is one of the most powerful negative feedbacks on climate change. This paper is a first attempt to quantify the extent of this negative feedback, and societal value to polar nature.

Brasier, M, et al. (2018). Benthic biodiversity in the South Orkney Islands Southern Shelf Marine Protected Area. *Biodiversity* 19, 5-19. <https://doi.org/10.1080/14888386.2018.1468821>

This publication, featured in a special issue on marine protected areas, is the outcome of the SO-AntEco expedition to the South Orkney Islands MPA. The internationally authored paper was led by an early career researcher and is the first such assessment of an Antarctic MPA.

Chenuil, A, et al. (2018). Understanding processes at the origin of species flocks with a focus on the marine Antarctic fauna. *Biological Reviews* 93, 481-504. <https://doi.org/10.1111/brv.12354>

Species flocks fascinate evolutionary biologists who wonder whether such striking diversification can be driven by normal evolutionary processes. This paper uses the isolated fauna of Antarctica as a model to understand a complex and important set of questions about how the processes of evolution work.

Robinson, S.A., et al. (2018). Rapid change in East Antarctic terrestrial vegetation in response to regional drying. *Nature Climate Change*, 8 (10), pp. 879-884. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41558-018-0280-0>

This paper demonstrates that rapid vegetation change is occurring in East Antarctica and that its mosses provide potentially important proxies for monitoring coastal climate change.

Strugnell, J. M., Pedro, J. B., & Wilson, N. G. (2018). Dating Antarctic ice sheet collapse: Proposing a molecular genetic approach. *Quaternary Science Reviews* 179, 153-157. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.quascirev.2017.11.014>

This publication details how genetic signatures that are contained within benthic animals present in Antarctica today could be used to investigate the last time a historic seaway occurred across Antarctica - thereby resolving when the West Antarctic Ice Shelf last collapsed.

## 2017

Chown, S.L., Brooks, C.M., Terauds, A., Le Bohec, C., van Klaveren-Impagliazzo, C., Whittington, J.D., et al. (2017). Antarctica and the strategic plan for biodiversity. *PLoS Biology* **15(3)** e2001656. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.2001656> .

Major paper outcome of the first Monaco Antarctic Biodiversity meeting, providing a key assessment of the status of Antarctica in relation to the Aichi Targets of the Kyoto Protocol.

Coetzee, B.W.T., Convey, P. & Chown, S.L. (2017). Expanding the protected area network in Antarctica is urgent and readily achievable. *Conservation Letters*. <https://doi.org/10.1111/conl.12342>

This piece considers the practicalities and urgency of expanding the current protected area system in Antarctica in a robust and representative manner.

Gutt, J., Isla, E., Bertler, N., Bodeker, G.E., Bracegirdle, T.J., ... Griffiths, H., ... Strugnell, J., et al. (2017). Cross-disciplinarity in the advance of Antarctic ecosystem research. *Marine Genomics*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.margen.2017.09.006>

This perspective piece outlines the benefits of cross disciplinary Antarctic research and is the culmination of a cross program workshop.

Pecl, G.T., Araújo, M.B., Bell, J.D., Blanchard, J., et al. (2017). Biodiversity redistribution under climate change: Impacts on ecosystems and human well-being. *Science*. 335: 6332, eaai9214 <https://doi.org/10.1126/science.aai9214>

Waller, C. L., Griffiths, H. J., Waluda, C. M., Thorpe, S. E., Loaiza, I., Moreno, B., ... & Hughes, K. A. (2017). Microplastics in the Antarctic marine system: An emerging area of research. *Science of the Total Environment*, 598, 220-227. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2017.03.283>

This paper summarises all known plastic records (micro & macro) from the Southern Ocean and compares these data with estimated regional plastic inputs. Results show that much of the plastic is likely to have originated elsewhere.

## 2016

Hughes, K.A. and Ashton, G.V. (2016). Breaking the ice: the introduction of biofouling organisms to Antarctica on vessel hulls. *Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems*. 27: 158– 164. <https://doi.org/10.1002/aqc.2625>

Pearce, D.A., Alekhina, I.A., Terauds, A., Wilmotte, A., Quesada, A., et al. (2016). Aerobiology over Antarctica – a new initiative for atmospheric ecology. *Frontiers in Microbiology*, 7. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2016.00016>

Xavier, J.C., Brandt, A., Ropert-Coudert, Y., Badhe, R., Gutt, J., Havermans, C., Jones, C., Costa, E.S., Lochte, K., Schloss, I.R., Kennicutt, M.C. II, Sutherland, W.J. (2016). Future Challenges in Southern Ocean Ecology Research. *Frontiers in Marine Sciences* 3:94. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmars.2016.00094>

## 2015

Bennett, J.R., Shaw, J.D., Terauds, A., Smol, J.P., Aerts, R., et al., (2015). Polar lessons learned: informing long-term management based on shared threats in Arctic and Antarctic environments. *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment*, pp. 1-27. ISSN 1540-9295. <https://doi.org/10.1890/140315>

Clark, G.F., Raymond, B., Riddle, M.J., Stark, J.S. & Johnston, E.L. (2015). Vulnerability of Antarctic shallow invertebrate- dominated ecosystems. *Austral Ecology*. <https://doi.org/10.1111/aec.12237>

Hughes, K.A., Perierra, L.R., Molina-Montenegro, M.A. & Convey, P. (2015). Biological invasions in terrestrial Antarctica: what is the current status and can we respond. *Biodiversity Conservation*. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10531-015-0896-6>

Royles, J. & Griffiths, H. (2015). Invited review: climate change impacts in polar regions: lessons from Antarctic moss bank archives. *Global Change Biology*, 21: 1041-1057. <https://doi.org/10.1111/gcb.12774>

## 2014

Brandt, A. & Würzberg, L. (2014). Southern Ocean deep sea – a benthic view to pelagic processes. *Deep Sea Research II*: 108: 1-112. <https://doi.org/10.1016/J.DSR2.2014.07.011>

Connolly, S.R., et al. (2014). Commonness and rarity in the marine biosphere. *PNAS* 111: 8524-8529. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1406664111>

Constable, A.J., Melbourne-Thomas, J., Corney, S.P. et al. (2014). Climate change and Southern Ocean ecosystems I: How changes in physical habitats directly affect marine biota. *Global Change Biology* 1-22. <https://doi.org/10.1111/gcb.12623>

Convey, P., Chown, S.L., Clarke, A., Barnes, D.K.A., Bokhorst, S., Cummings, V., et al. (2014). The spatial structure of Antarctic biodiversity. *Ecological Monographs* 84: 203-244. <https://doi.org/10.1890/12-2216.1>

De Broyer, C., Koubbi, P., Griffiths, H.J., Raymond, B., Udekem d'Acoz, C. d', Van de Putte, A.P., Danis, B., David, B., Grant, S., Gutt, J., Held, C., Hosie, G., Huettmann, F., Post, A. & Ropert-Coudert, Y. (eds.). (2014). Biogeographic Atlas of the Southern Ocean. Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research, Cambridge, 510 pp. <https://www.scar.org/scar-library/other-publications/occasional-publications/3501-biogeographic-atlas-of-the-southern-ocean-selected-chapters/>

De Maayer, P., Anderson, D.E., Cary, S.C. and Cowan, D.A. (2014). Some like it cold: understanding the strategies of psychrophiles. *EMBO Reports* 15: 508-517. <https://doi.org/10.1002/embr.201338170>

Fraser, C. I., Terauds, A., Smellie, J. L., Convey, M. S., and Chown, S. L. (2014). Geothermal activity helps life survive glacial cycles. *PNAS* 115: 5634-5639. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1321437111>

González-Wevar, C.A., Chown, S.L., Morley, S., Coria, N., Saucède, T., Poulin, E. (2014). Out of Antarctica: quaternary colonization of sub-Antarctic Marion Island by the limpet genus *Nacella* (Patellogastropoda: Nacellidae). *Polar Biology*, 39 (1), pp. 77-89. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00300-014-1620-9>

Jörger, K.M., Schrödl, M., Schwabe, E., Würzberg, L., (2014). A glimpse into the deep of the Antarctic Polar Front – diversity and abundance of abyssal molluscs. *Deep-Sea Research II* 108, 93–100. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dsr2.2014.08.003>

Meyer-Löbbecke, A., Brandt, A., Brix, S., (2014). Diversity and abundance of deep-sea Isopoda along the Southern Polar Front: Results from the SYSTCO I and II expeditions. *Deep-Sea Research II* 108, 76–84. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dsr2.2014.06.006>

Núñez-Pons, L. and Avila, C. (2014). Defensive Metabolites from Antarctic Invertebrates: Does Energetic Content Interfere with Feeding Repellence? *Marine Drugs* 12:3770-3791. <https://doi.org/10.3390/md12063770>

Poulin, E., González-Wevar, C., Díaz, A., Gérard, K., & Hüne, M. (2014). Divergence between Antarctic and South American marine invertebrates: What molecular biology tells us about Scotia Arc geodynamics and the intensification of the Antarctic Circumpolar Current. *Global and Planetary Change*, 123, 392-399. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gloplacha.2014.07.017>

Raymond, B., Lea, M.-A., Patterson, T., Andrews-Goff, V., Sharples, R., et al. (2014). Important marine habitat off east Antarctica revealed by two decades of multi-species predator tracking. *Ecography* 38: 121-129. <https://doi.org/10.1111/ecog.01021>

Roads, E., Longton, R.E. and Convey, P. (2014). Millennial timescale regeneration in a moss from Antarctica. *Current Biology* 24: R222-R223. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cub.2014.01.053>

Schiaparelli, S., Ghiglione, C., Alvaro, M. C., Griffiths, H. J., & Linse, K. (2014). Diversity, abundance and composition in macrofaunal molluscs from the Ross Sea (Antarctica): results of fine-mesh sampling along a latitudinal gradient. *Polar Biology* 37(6), 859-877. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00300-014-1487-9>

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Zablocki, O., van Zyl, L., Adriaenssens, E. M., Rubagotti, E., Tuffin, M., Cary, S. C., & Cowan, D. (2014). High-level diversity of tailed Phages, eukaryote-associated viruses, and virophage-like elements in the metaviromes of Antarctic soils. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 80(22), 6888-6897. <https://doi.org/10.1128/AEM.01525-14>

## 2013

Ghiglione, C., Alvaro, M. C., Griffiths, H.J., Linse, K. and Schiaparelli, S. (2013). Ross Sea Mollusca from the Latitudinal Gradient Program: R/V *Italica* 2004 Rauschert dredge samples. *ZooKeys* 341:37-48. <https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.341.6031>

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Makhalanyane, T.P., Valverde, A., Birkeland, N-K., Cary, S.C., Tuffin, I.M., Cowan, D.A. (2013). Evidence for successional development in Antarctic hypolithic bacterial communities. *ISME* 7: 2080-2090. <https://doi.org/10.1038/ismej.2013.94>